

# Annual schedule songbirds 2022

## Exotics

*The annual schedule is a general guide for preparation, breeding, hatching, weaning and moulting. Talk to your VFB veterinarian about the specific requirements for your birds and devise a customised schedule together.*

### Breeding: preparation from 6-8 weeks prior to breeding

#### 1. A healthy environment is the best start!

#### 2. Prevention of flagellates (cochlosomosis) + campylobacteriosis

- **Veterinarian:** bird check-up + manure tests 6-8 weeks prior to breeding
- Only use courses of treatment in case of problems:
  - 7 days Tricho Geel (2 g/l) + Coli-Mix (5 g/l) + Hepa-Plus (4 ml/l)

#### 3. For 6 weeks prior to breeding

- **Daily Immuno-Plus (2 ml/l)**
  - Breeding boost; birds will be in top (breeding) condition
- 1-2 days per week **Hepa-Plus (4 ml/l)**
  - Liver support
- As required: Vita-Plus, Long Energy, Ready, Vit E+Se, Vita-Min-DCP
  - These are suitable for use with Immuno-Plus

#### 4. Prevention of ectoparasites

- Haematophagous mites
  - **Exzolt:** 1 ml/l for 1 day, repeat on days 7 and 14
    - Does not affect fertility & nestlings/young
    - Can be repeated every 3-4 months
  - Extra prevention of haematophagous mites
    - The day prior to occupation, treat coop/loft with:
      - **Derma-Plus/Exmite Spray**
      - Can be repeated while the birds/nestlings/young are present
- Tracheal mites
  - **Vermi-Complete:** 2.5-5 ml/l for 1 day, repeat after 3 weeks
    - Does not affect fertility & nestlings/young
    - May be repeated monthly, 1 day a month

### Breeding: hatching the young

#### 1. First 6 weeks of life

- **Immuno Booster (1 g/100 g or 10 g/kg egg food/feed)**
  - Optimum premix for young birds, contains chicory - among other ingredients - to prevent flagellates (cochlosomosis)
- **Super Start-Up (5 g/kg egg food)**
  - Natural suppression of bacterial/necrotic diarrhoea
  - Smooth start & prevention of black spot (circovirus)

#### 2. Start from 2 days before hatching until 5 days after hatching

- **Coli-Mix (5 g/l)**
  - Prevention of mushy chick disease (colibacillosis) & Bengalese finch disease (cochlosomosis)





## Breeding: weaned young

### 1. A healthy environment is the best start!

- **Extreme 7:** broadest-spectrum disinfectant
  - Disinfection against bacteria, viruses, fungi, and yeasts
- **Coxi-Clean:** coccidiosis soap
  - Prevention of coccidiosis/atoxoplasmosis
- **Neorni Stabilizer:** probiotic ambient spray
  - Prevention by reducing ambient pressure

### 2. Prevention of coccidiosis + megabacteriosis/dysbacteriosis/cochlosomosis

- When the young leave the nest
  - **Increased susceptibility to coccidiosis/cochlosomosis/campylobacter**
    - 5 days Sulfaclozine (3 g/l) + Tricho Geel (2 g/l) + Hepa-Plus (4 ml/l)
    - 3 days Hepa-Plus (4 ml/l)
    - 5 days Sulfaclozine (3 g/l) + Tricho Geel (2 g/l) + Hepa-Plus (4 ml/l)
- Throughout the year (from weaning to breeding)
  - **3-5 days ACS (1 ml/l) 1-2 times/month**
    - Prevention of coccidiosis while improving immunity!
  - **1-2 days per week Dysbac Liquid (2 ml/l)**
    - Prevention of megabacteriosis & dysbacteriosis
    - Prevention of flagellates (cochlosomosis)

## Moulting period

### 1. Throughout the entire moulting period

- Alternate **Condi-Plus & Aminovital:**
  - 1 day Condi-Plus (2 ml/l)
  - 1 day Aminovital (2 ml/l)
  - 1 day Condi-Plus (2 ml/l)
  - ...

### 2. Throughout the year (from weaning to breeding)

- **3-5 days ACS (1 ml/l) 1-2 times/month**
  - Prevention of coccidiosis while improving immunity!
- **1-2 days per week Dysbac Liquid (2 ml/l)**
  - Prevention of megabacteriosis & dysbacteriosis
  - Prevention of flagellates (cochlosomosis)

At NeorniPharma, we always strive for the best long-term solution. We are constantly looking for **alternatives to anti-microbials** to limit the risk of resistance. The goal should be give our birds **as few preventive treatments with antimicrobial agents as possible**. Clinical research and any additional tests are crucial for this. After the diagnosis, an appropriate treatment can be administered. **Antibiotics are not harmless**. Consult your vet for advice about their correct and responsible use.

**Autopsy:** don't simply throw away a bird that has died! The cadaver can provide a lot of information to ensure appropriate treatment can be sought. It is best to keep the bird cool (in a fridge, for example) and carry out an investigation within 24 hours (max. 72h).

This annual schedule is available at [www.neornipharma.be](http://www.neornipharma.be)